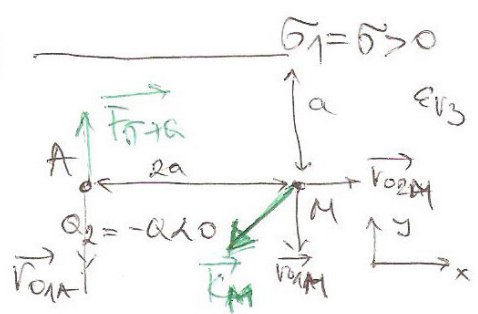


1.

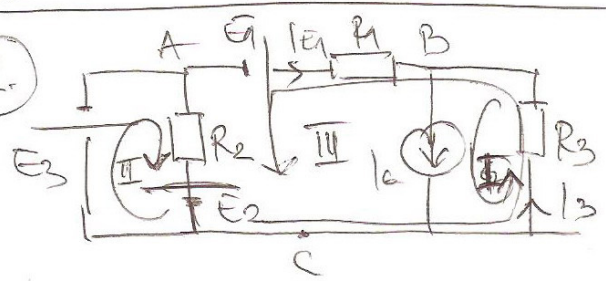


a)  $\vec{U}_M = \vec{U}_{M1} + \vec{U}_{M2}$   
 $\vec{E}_{M1} = \frac{\sigma_1}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{r}_{01M} = \frac{\sigma_1}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} (-\vec{j}) = -\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{j}$   
 $\vec{E}_{M2} = \frac{\sigma_2}{4\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}(2a)^2} \vec{r}_{02M} = \frac{-\alpha}{16\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}a^2} \vec{r}$   
 $\vec{E}_M = \vec{E}_{M1} + \vec{E}_{M2} = -\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{j} - \frac{\alpha}{16\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}a^2} \vec{r}$

$\vec{F}_M = -\frac{Q}{16\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}a^2} \vec{r} - \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{j}$

b)  $\vec{F}_{\sigma_1+\sigma_2} = \alpha_2 \cdot \vec{E}_A = \alpha_2 \cdot \frac{\sigma_1}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{r}_{01A} = (-\alpha) \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} (-\vec{j}) = \frac{\sigma\alpha}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{j}$   
 $\vec{F}_{\sigma_1+\sigma_2} = \frac{\sigma\alpha}{2\epsilon_0\epsilon_{r3}} \vec{j}$

2.



Контурная структура  
 $n_c = 3, n_g = 5 \Rightarrow n_g - n_c + 1 = 3$  конт.  
 структуры

1 независим структура генератор:

$I_I = I_g$

$0 \cdot I_I + R_2 I_{II} + R_2 I_{III} = -E_2 - E_3$

$R_3 I_I + R_2 I_{II} + (R_3 + R_1 + R_2) I_{III} = -E_1 - E_2$

$R_2 I_{II} + R_2 I_{III} = -E_2 - E_3$

$R_2 I_{II} + (R_1 + R_2 + R_3) I_{III} = -E_1 - E_2 - R_3 I_g$

$I_{II} = -2A$

$I_{III} = -3A$

$I_I = 1A$

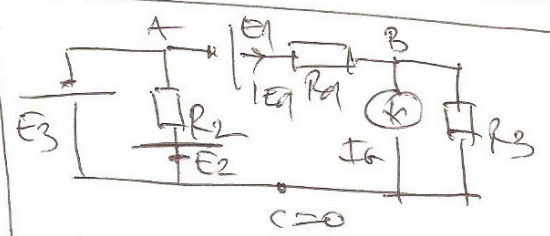
$I_{E1} = -I_{III} = 3A$

$P_{E1} = E_1 \cdot I_{E1} = 63W$

$I_3 = I_{III} + I_I = -2A$

$P_{I_g} = I_g \cdot U_{CB} = -6W$

$U_{CB} = R_3 I_3 = -6V$



$n_c = 3 \Rightarrow n_c - 1 = 2$  ред.  
 наименьшая размерность уравнения

$U_{AO} = -E_3$

$-\frac{1}{R_1} U_{AO} + (\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_3}) U_{BO} = \frac{E_1}{R_1} - I_g$

$\Rightarrow U_{AO} = -6V$

$U_{BO} = 6V$

$U_{CB} = U_{OB} = -U_{BO} = -6V$

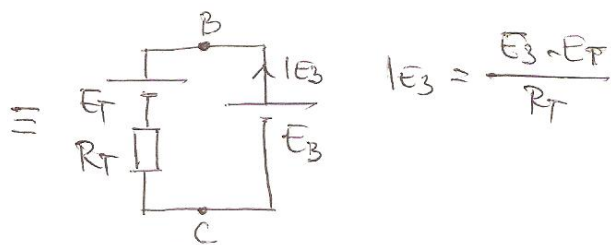
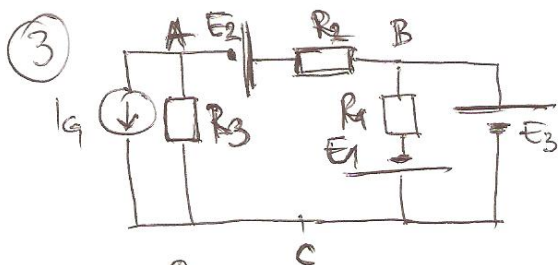
$P_{I_g} = I_g \cdot U_{CB} = -6W$

$U_{AB} = U_{AO} - U_{BO} = -12V$

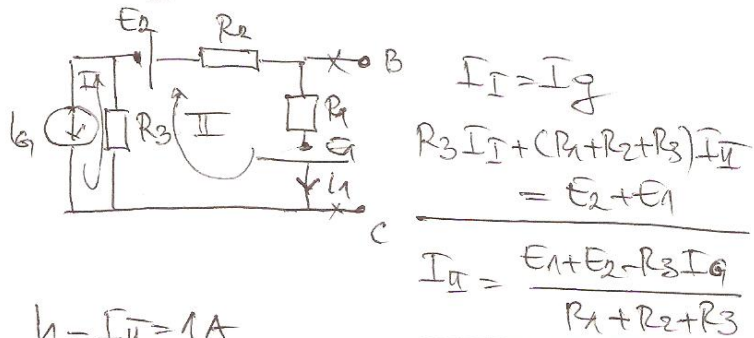
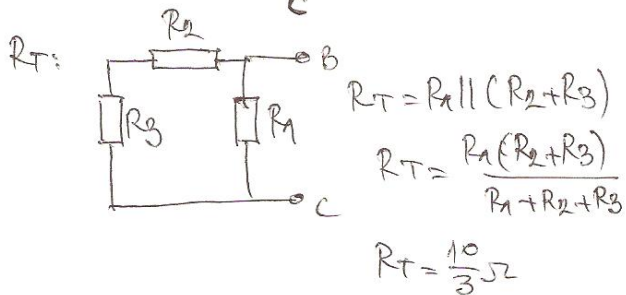
$= R_1 I_{E1} - E_1$

$\Rightarrow I_{E1} = \frac{U_{AB} + E_1}{R_1} = 3A$

$P_{E1} = E_1 \cdot I_{E1} = 63W$



$$I_{E3} = \frac{E_3 - E_T}{R_T}$$



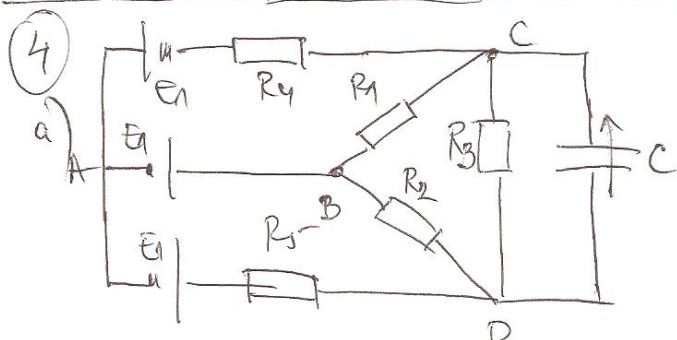
$$I_1 = I_{II} = 1A$$

$$E_T = U_{BC}^{(ov)} = -E_1 + R_1 I_1 = -10V$$

$$I_{E3} = \frac{E_3 - E_T}{R_T} = \frac{10 - (-10)}{\frac{10}{3}} = \frac{20}{\frac{10}{3}} = 6A$$

$$I_{II} = 1A \quad I_I = 1A$$

$$I_{E3} = 6A$$



$$R_{13} = R_{23} = \frac{24 \cdot 16}{24 + 16 + 24} = 6 \Omega$$

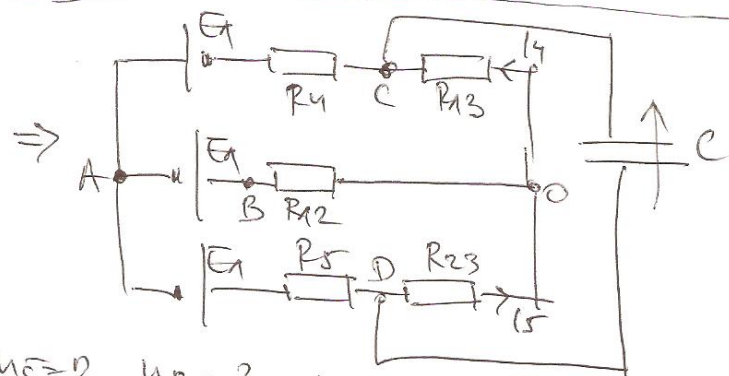
$$R_{12} = \frac{24 \cdot 24}{24 + 16 + 24} = 9 \Omega$$

$$U_{AO} = -(R_4 + R_{13}) I_4 + E_1$$

$$I_4 = \frac{E_1 - U_{AO}}{R_4 + R_{13}} = \frac{16}{3} A$$

$$U_{AO} = (R_5 + R_{23}) I_5 - E_1$$

$$I_5 = \frac{U_{AO} + E_1}{R_5 + R_{23}} = \frac{8}{3} A$$



$$n_C = 2 \quad n_g = 3 \Rightarrow \text{МЕТОД НАПОНА}$$

$$n_C - 1 = 1 \text{ eq.} \quad \text{УЗМЕРЬ У ПОРОБА}$$

$$U_{AO} \left( \frac{1}{R_4 + R_{13}} + \frac{1}{R_{12}} + \frac{1}{R_5 + R_{23}} \right) = \frac{E_1}{R_4 + R_{13}} - \frac{E_1}{R_{12}} - \frac{E_1}{R_5 + R_{23}}$$

$$U_{AO} \left( \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{9} \right) = \frac{36}{9} - \frac{36}{9} - \frac{36}{9} = -4$$

$$\frac{1}{3} U_{AO} = -4 \Rightarrow U_{AO} = -12V$$

$$U_C = U_{OC} = R_{23} I_5 + R_{13} \cdot I_4 = 48V$$

$$Q = U_C \cdot C = 480 \mu C$$

b)  $K = \frac{U_C}{d} = \frac{48V}{10^{-4} m} = 480 \frac{kV}{m}$

$$C = \epsilon \frac{S}{d} \Rightarrow \epsilon = \frac{Cd}{S} = 10^{-11} \frac{F}{m}$$