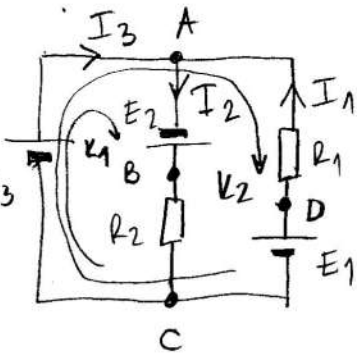
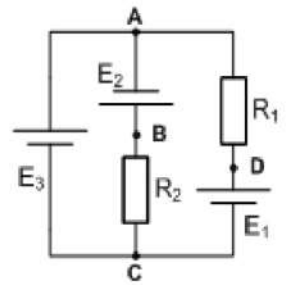


1. U kolu na slici 1, primenom Kirhofovih zakona (metod struja u granama) odrediti intenzitete struja u svim granama, potencijale tačaka A, B, C i D, napon U_{BD} , kao i snage svih elemenata u kolu. Poznato je: $E_1 = 6V$, $E_2 = 2V$, $E_3 = 10V$, $R_1 = 10\Omega$ i $R_2 = 20\Omega$.



- OBAČUJTE PEF, SMEROVE STRUJA!

* I K 3: $n_2 - 1 = 1$: 3x3 I_1, I_2, I_3

⊙ I K 3: $I_3 + I_1 = I_2$, ILU $-I_3 - I_1 + I_2 = 0 \dots$ (1)

⊙: $I_2 = I_3 + I_1$

* II K 3:

⊙ K1: $E_3 + E_2 - R_2 I_2 = 0$ (2)

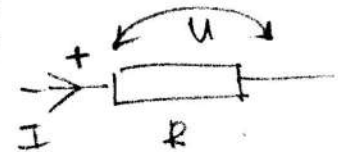
⊙ K2: $E_3 + R_1 I_1 - E_1 = 0$ (3)

$I_2 = \frac{E_3 + E_2}{R_2} = 0,6A$

$I_1 = \frac{E_1 - E_3}{R_1} = -0,4A$

$I_3 = I_2 - I_1 = 1A$

ОМОВ ЗАКОН:



$U = RI$

СКЛАБИТИ РЕФ. СМЕРОВУ!

⊙ $U_{BD} = -R_1 I_1 + E_2 = -E_1 + R_2 I_2 = -E_1 + E_3 + E_2 = 6V$

⊙ ПОТЕНЦИЈАЛ: РЕФ. ТАЧКА - ПРОИЗВОЛНО

1° $C=0$ ($V_C=0$)

$V_A = E_3 = 10V$, $V_B = R_2 I_2 = 12V$, $V_D = E_1 = 6V$

($V_A = U_{A0}$)

$U_{BD} = V_B - V_D = 6V!$

2° $A \rightarrow 0$

$V_B = E_2 = 2V$, $V_C = -E_3 = -10V$, $V_D = R_1 I_1 = -4V$

3°, 4° ...

⊙ $P_{E1} = E_1 I_1 = -2,4W$

$P_{E2} = E_2 I_2 = 1,2W$

$P_{E3} = E_3 I_3 = 10W$

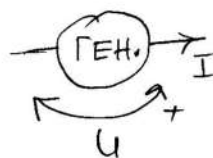
$P_{R1} = R_1 I_1^2 = 1,6W$

$P_{R2} = R_2 I_2^2 = 7,2W$

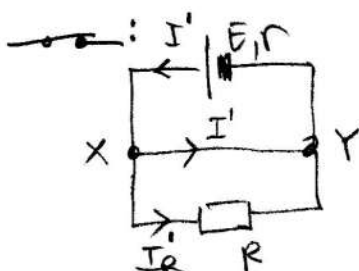
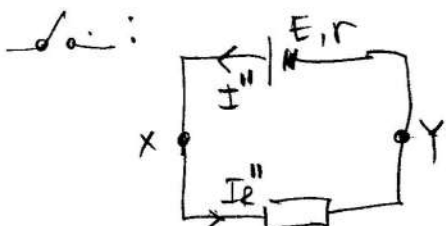
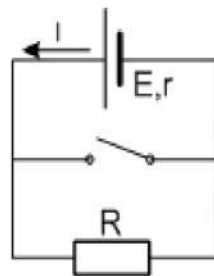
$\sum P_E = \sum P_R$

ШАГА У ЕЛ. КОЛУ: -

$P = U \cdot I$



2. U kolu na slici 4, pri zatvorenom prekidaču, izmerena je struja u grani sa generatorom $I' = 2A$. Kada se prekidač otvori, kroz generator teče struja $I'' = 1A$. Poznata je otpornost $R = 20\Omega$. Odrediti parametre naponskog generatora E i r .



$$I'' = I_R = \frac{E}{R+r}$$

$$(U_{XY} = RI'' = R \frac{E}{R+r})$$

$$U_{XY}' = 0 \quad (V_X = V_Y)$$

$$I_R' = 0 \quad (= \frac{U_{XY}'}{R})$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$I' = \frac{E}{r}$$

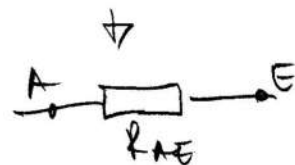
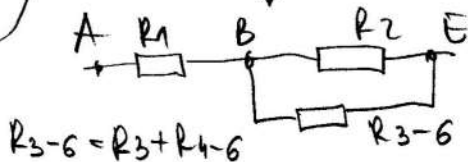
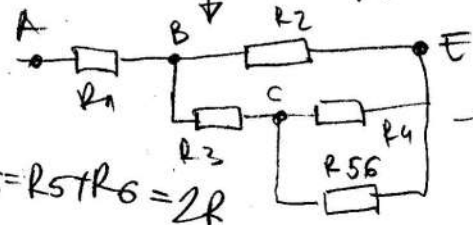
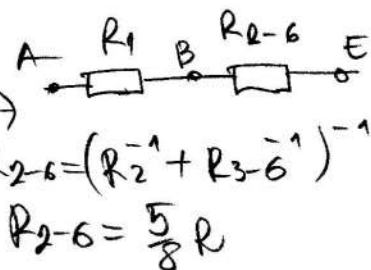
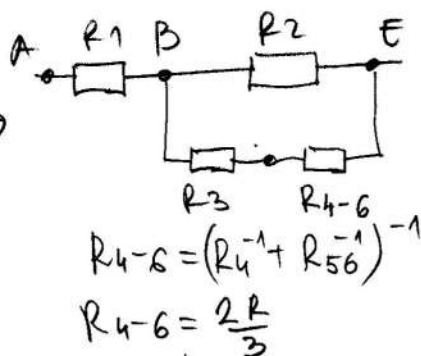
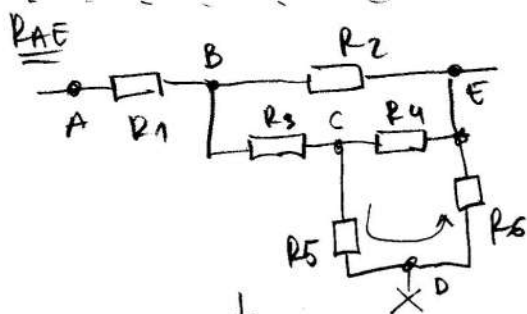
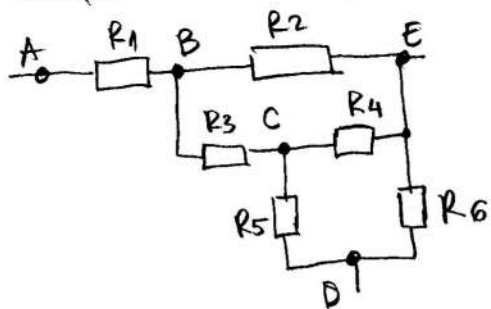
$$E = (R+r)I'' = rI'$$

$$RI'' = r(I' - I'')$$

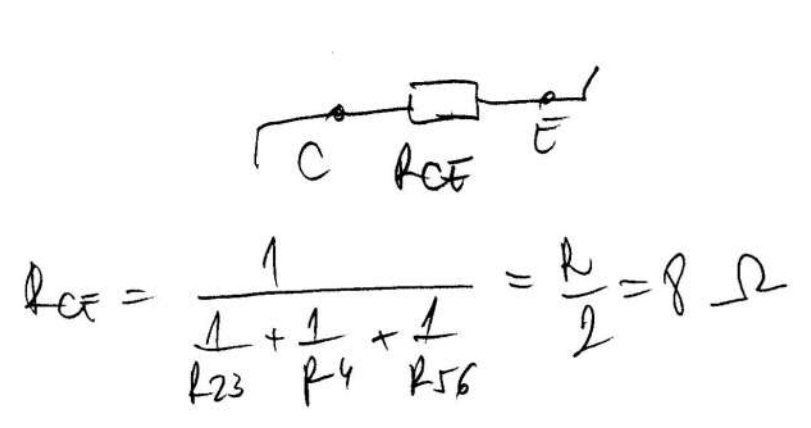
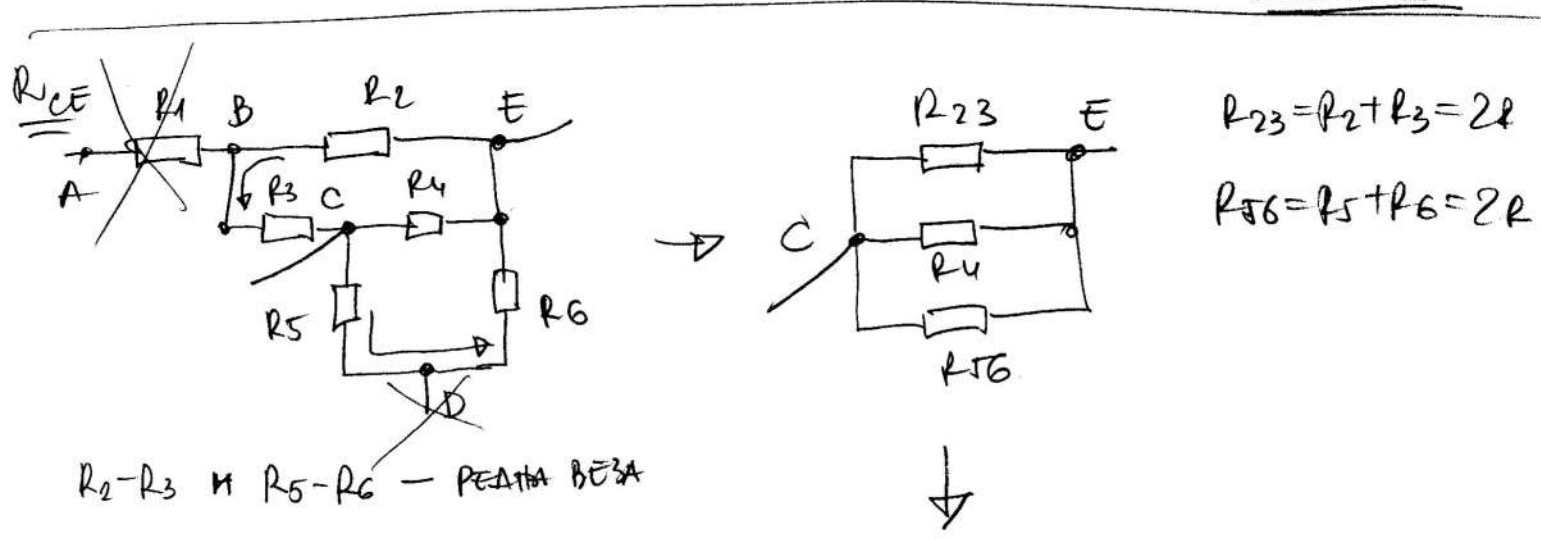
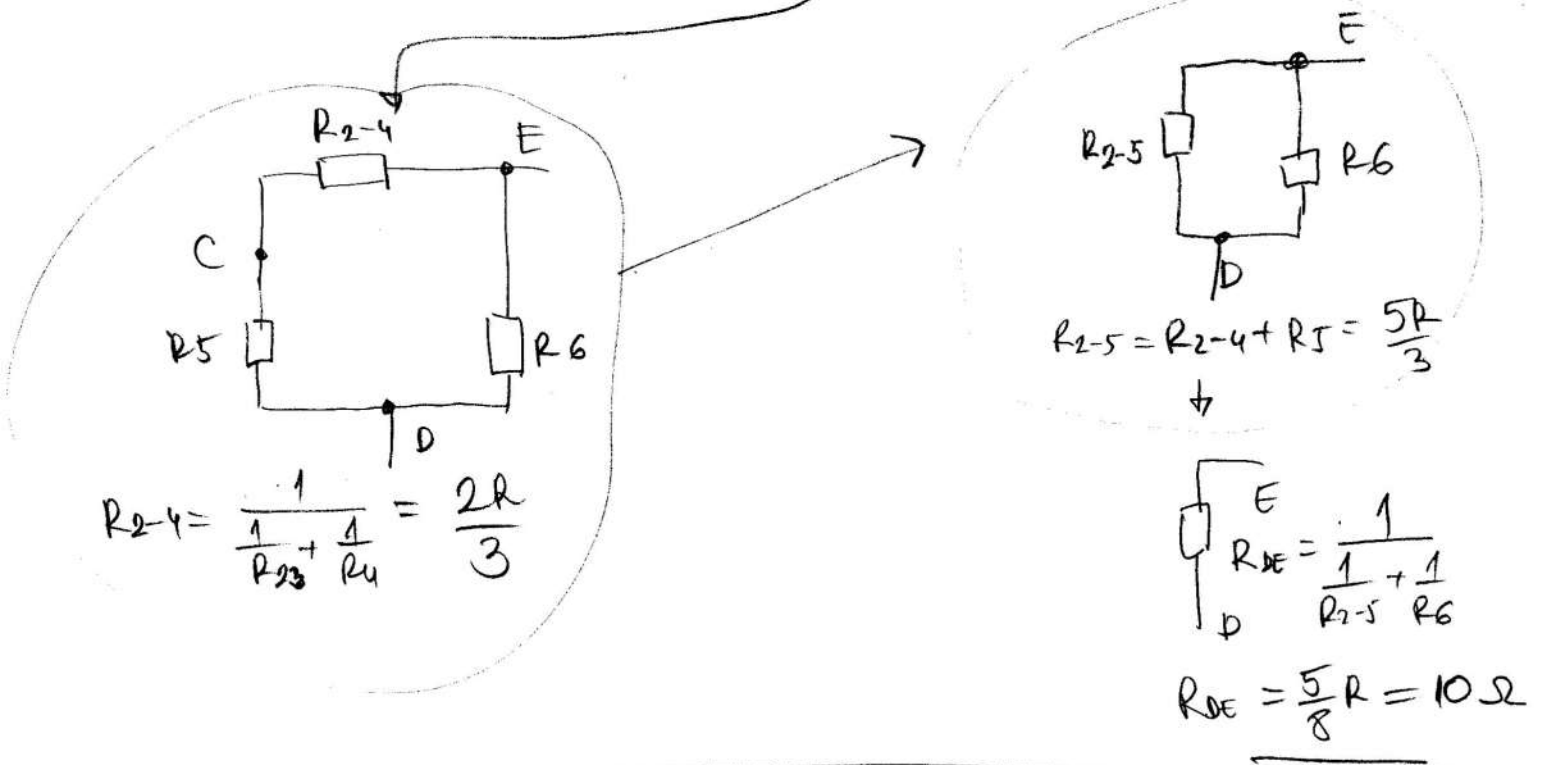
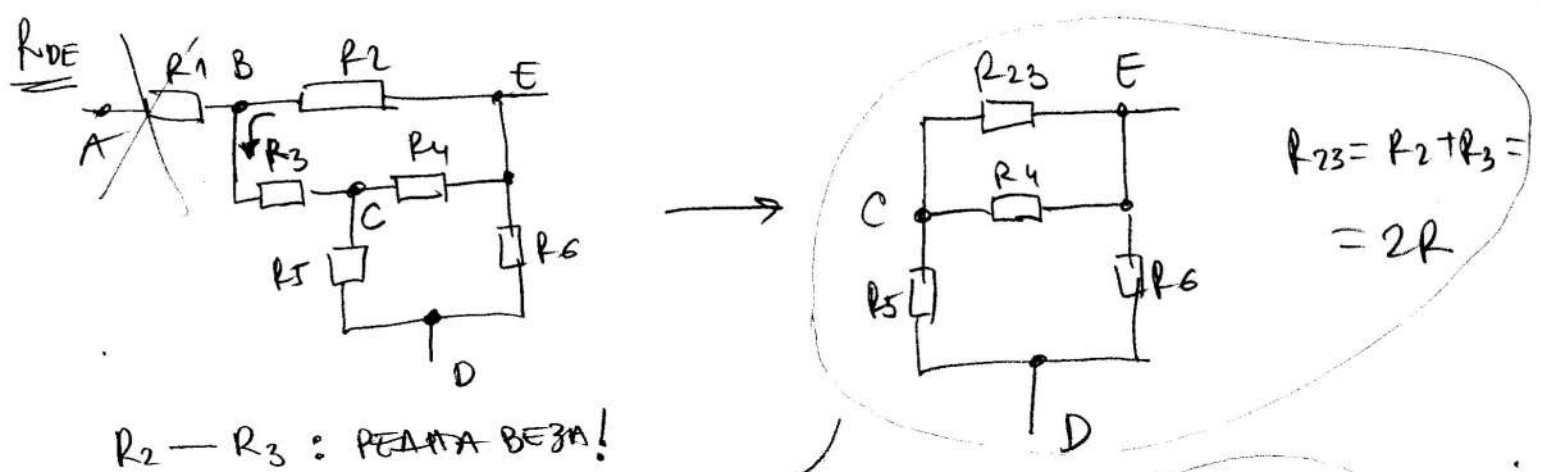
$$r = R \frac{I''}{I' - I''} = \underline{\underline{20\Omega}}$$

$$E = rI' = \underline{\underline{40V}}$$

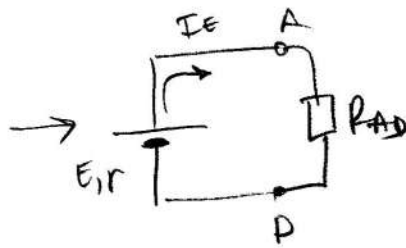
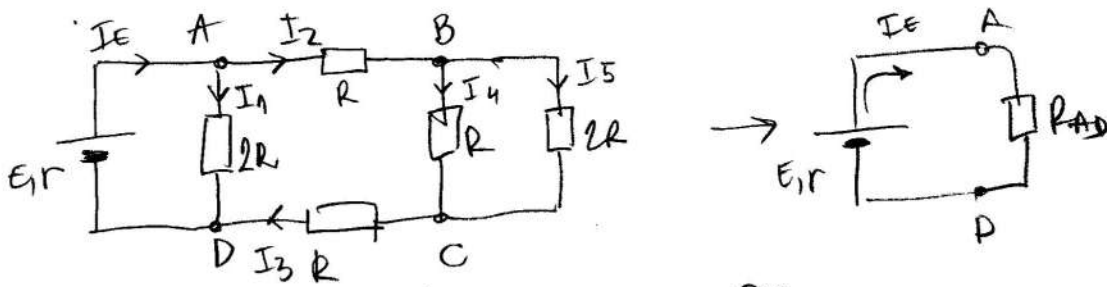
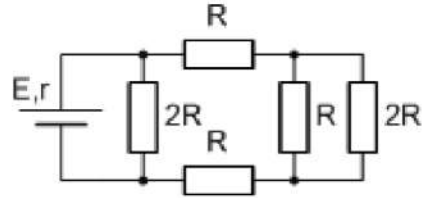
3. U kolu na slici 5, odrediti ekvivalentnu otpornost između srednjih tačaka: R_{AE}, R_{DE}, R_{CE} ! $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = R_5 = R_6 = R = 16\Omega$



$$R_{AE} = R_1 + R_{2-6} = \frac{13}{8}R = 26\Omega$$



1. Odrediti struje u svim granama kola prikazanog na Slici 1. Poznato je: $E=4V$, $r=0.4\Omega$, $R=1.4\Omega$.



$$R_{AD} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2R} + \frac{1}{R+R+\frac{1}{\frac{1}{R}+\frac{1}{2R}}}} = \frac{8R}{7} = 1,6\Omega$$

$$I_E = \frac{E}{r+R_{AD}} = 2A$$

$$U_{AD} = E - rI = 3,2V$$

$$0.3. \rightarrow I_1 = \frac{U_{AD}}{2R} = \frac{3,2V}{2,8\Omega} = \frac{8}{7}A$$

$$I_{23} \rightarrow I_2 = I_3 = I_E - I_1 = \frac{6}{7}A$$

$$I_4, I_5 ? \Rightarrow U_{BC} = ?$$

$$U_{BC} = I_2 \cdot R_{BC} = I_2 \cdot \frac{R \cdot 2R}{R+2R} = \frac{6}{7}A \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1,4\Omega = 0,8V$$

$$\boxed{U_{BC} = E - rI_E - RI_2 - RI_3 = \dots}$$

$$0.3, I_4 = \frac{U_{BC}}{R} = \frac{0,8V}{1,4\Omega} = \frac{4}{7}A$$

$$0.3, I_5 = \frac{U_{BC}}{2R} = \frac{0,8V}{2,8\Omega} = \frac{2}{7}A$$

PROVERA: $I_{23} \rightarrow I_2 = I_4 + I_5$ ✓