

# ПРЕДВАРИТЕЛНО 3 - РЕШЕНИЕ ЗАДАЧА ЗА ВЕЩЬ

$$1. \int \sqrt{x^2+x+1} dx \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} = \int \frac{x^2+x+1}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} dx =$$

$$(Ax+B) \cdot \sqrt{x^2+x+1} + \lambda \cdot \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} \quad /'$$

$$\sqrt{x^2+x+1} = A \cdot \sqrt{x^2+x+1} + (Ax+B) \cdot \frac{2x+1}{2\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} + \lambda \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} \quad /2\sqrt{}$$

$$2(x^2+x+1) = 2A(x^2+x+1) + (Ax+B)(2x+1) + 2\lambda$$

$$x^2: 2 = 2A + 2A \quad A = 1/2$$

$$x: 2 = 2A + A + 2B \Rightarrow 2 = 3/2 + 2B \Rightarrow 2B = 1/2 \Rightarrow B = 1/4$$

$$x^0: 2 = 2A + B + 2\lambda \quad 2 = 1 + 1/4 + 2\lambda \Rightarrow 2\lambda = 3/4 \quad \lambda = 3/8$$

$$\int \sqrt{x^2+x+1} dx = \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \sqrt{x^2+x+1} + \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{4}}} =$$

$$= \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \sqrt{x^2+x+1} + \frac{3}{8} \ln \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2+x+1} \right| + C$$

$$2. \int \frac{x^3+3x}{\sqrt{-x^4-2x^2+5}} dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} t=x^2 \\ dt=2x dx \end{array} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{t+3}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}} dt =$$

$$(x^3+3x) dx =$$

$$= (x^2+3) \cdot x \cdot dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( A \cdot \sqrt{-t^2-2t+5} + \lambda \cdot \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}} \right) \quad /'$$

$$\frac{t+3}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}} = A \cdot \frac{-t-1}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}} + \lambda \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}} \quad / \cdot \sqrt{-t^2-2t+5}$$

$$t+3 = A(-t-1) + \lambda \Rightarrow A = -1 \quad \lambda = 2$$

$$\int \frac{(x^3 + 3x)dx}{\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2 + 5}} = -\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2 + 5} + 2 \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{5 - (t^2 + 2t + 1 - 1)}} =$$

$$= -\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2 + 5} + 2 \int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{6 - (t+1)^2}} = -\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2 + 5} + \dots \arcsin \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{6}} + C$$

$$3. \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + 2}{(x+1)^2 - \sqrt{x+1}} dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} t^2 = x+1 \\ dx = 2t dt \end{array} \right] = \int \frac{(t+2) \cdot 2t}{t^4 - t} dt =$$

$$= \int \frac{2t+4}{t^3-1} dt = \int \frac{2t+4}{(t-1)(t^2+t+1)} dt =$$

$$= \int \left( \frac{A}{t-1} + \frac{Bt+C}{t^2+t+1} \right) dt = \dots$$

$$4. \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x+1} \cdot -\sqrt{x-1}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} + 1}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} - 1} dx =$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x+1}{x-1} = t^2 \\ x+1 = t^2 \cdot x - t^2 \\ t^2+1 = x(t^2-1) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \frac{t^2+1}{t^2-1} \\ dx = \frac{2t(t^2-1) - (t^2+1) \cdot 2t}{(t^2-1)^2} dt = \frac{-4t dt}{(t^2-1)^2} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \int \frac{t+1}{t-1} \cdot \frac{-4t dt}{(t^2-1)^2} = \int \frac{-4t(t+1) dt}{(t-1)^3 \cdot (t+1)^2} = \int \frac{-4t dt}{(t+1)(t-1)^3} =$$

$$= \int \left( \frac{A}{t+1} + \frac{B}{t-1} + \frac{C}{(t-1)^2} + \frac{D}{(t-1)^3} \right) dt = \dots$$